Joshua B. Swigart, Esq. (SBN: 225557)

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

1 josh@westcoastlitigation.com Robert L. Hyde, Esq. (SBN: 227138) 2 bob@westcoastlitigation.com 3 **Hyde & Swigart** 4 411 Camino Del Rio South, Suite 301 San Diego, CA 92108-3551 5 Telephone: (619) 233-7770 Facsimile: (619) 297-1022 6 7 8 Attorneys for the Plaintiff Nina Afrasiabi 9 10 11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 12 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA HYDE & SWIGART San Diego, California 13 14 15 16 17 NINA AFRASIABI, INDIVIDUALLY Case No.: '12CV1864 W WVG AND ON BEHALF OF ALL OTHERS 18 SIMILARLY SITUATED, **CLASS ACTION** 19 **COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND** Plaintiffs, 20 INJUNCTIVE RELIEF PURSUANT TO THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER V. 21 PROTECTION ACT, 47 U.S.C. § 227, ET SEQ. LAW OFFICES OF BURG & 22 BROCK, INC., A.P.L.C., JURY TRIAL DEMANDED 23 24 Defendant. 25 // 26 // 27 // 28

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Introduction

- 1. NINA AFRASIABI ("Plaintiff") brings this Class Action Complaint for damages, injunctive relief, and any other available legal or equitable remedies, resulting from the illegal actions of LAW OFFICES OF BURG & BROCK, INC., A.P.L.C. ("Defendant"), in negligently contacting Plaintiff on Plaintiff's cellular telephone, in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq., ("TCPA"), thereby invading Plaintiff's privacy. Plaintiff alleges as follows upon personal knowledge as to himself and his own acts and experiences, and, as to all other matters, upon information and belief, including investigation conducted by his attorneys.
- 2. Jurisdiction of this Court arises pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
- 3. Venue is proper in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and 1441(a) because Defendant is subject to personal jurisdiction in the County of San Diego, State of California.

NATURE OF THE CASE

- 4. In an effort to promote the business for its law firm, Defendant engaged in an especially pernicious form of marketing: the transmission of unauthorized advertisements, in the form of "text messages" to the cellular telephones of consumers across the nation.
- 5. By effectuating these text messages (hereinafter, "wireless spam" or "SMS Spam"), Defendant has caused such consumers actual harm, not only because consumers were subjected to the aggravation and invasion of privacy that necessarily accompanies unsolicited wireless spam, but also because consumers frequently have to pay their cell phone service providers for the receipt of such wireless spam.
- 6. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and a nationwide class of similarly situated persons, brings this suit under the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq. (the "TCPA"), which prohibits unsolicited text calls to cell phones.
- 7. Plaintiff and the Class and the Sub-Class seek injunctive relief and an award of statutory damages, together with costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

PARTIES

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- 8. Plaintiff is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a citizen and resident of the State of California. Plaintiff is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153 (10).
- 9. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendant is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a corporation whose principal place of business and State of incorporation are in Los Angeles, California. Defendant, is and at all times mentioned herein was, a corporation and is a "person," as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153 (10). Defendant provides legal services to consumers. Plaintiff alleges that at all times relevant herein Defendant conducted business in the State of California and in the County of San Diego, and within this judicial district.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 10. In recent years, marketers, who often have felt stymied by federal or state laws limiting solicitations over residential telephones, facsimile machines, and e-mails, have looked to alternative technologies through which to send bulk solicitations cheaply.
- 11. One of the newest types of such bulk marketing is to advertise through Short Message Services. The term "Short Message Service" or "SMS" describes a messaging system that allows cellular telephone subscribers to use their cellular telephones to send and receive short text messages, usually limited to 160 or so characters.
- 12. An "SMS message" is a text message call directed to a wireless device through the use of the telephone number assigned to the device. When an SMS message call is successfully made, the recipient's cell phone typically rings, alerting him or her that a call is being received. As cellular telephones are inherently mobile and are frequently carried on their owner's person, calls to cellular telephones, including SMS messages, may be received by the called party virtually anywhere worldwide.
- 13. Unlike more conventional solicitations, wireless spam actually costs its recipients money, because cell phone users must frequently pay their respective wireless service providers either for each text message call they receive or for a text plan that includes a specified number of messages, regardless of whether or not the message is authorized.

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- 14. In recent months, Defendant and their agents, using an automatic telephone dialing system, caused mass amounts of wireless spam calls to be made to the cell phones of consumers across the country, advertising various services performed by Defendant.
- 15. Plaintiff maintains cellular service through a common cellular telephone service provider.

 Plaintiff has maintained this cellular telephone for a period of time.
- 16. On July 23, 2012, Defendant, through its agents, sent Plaintiff a text message concerning the advertisement of certain additional products offered by Defendant. This text message was unsolicited.
- 17. The body of the initial unsolicited text message to Plaintiff stated:
 - "You will receive MMS messages from Law offices of Burg & Brock, Inc. on short code 76000. Reply STOP to 70000 to cancel."
- 18. Plaintiff then responded to Plaintiff's unsolicited text message with the word "Stop".
- 19. Defendant then proceeded to send Plaintiff another unsolicited text message
- 20. The body of the second unsolicited text message to Plaintiff stated:
 - "All-In-1 Info Alerts: Your mobile number has been blocked from receiving any future messages from 76000. 1-866-866-0009."
- 21. Plaintiff did not reply to this second text message.
- 22. Defendant then sent Plaintiff a third unsolicited text message containing an image of Defendant's website.
- 23. Plaintiff did not respond to this third unsolicited text message.
- 24. Defendant then sent Plaintiff yet another unsolicited text message.
- 25. The body of this final unsolicited text message stated:
- "Law offices of Burg & Brock, Inc.:
- 24 If an Emergency Occurs Please
 - Text Lawyer to 70000
 Text Accident to 70000
 Text STOP to 70000 to cancel."

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- 26. This series of unsolicited text message placed to Plaintiff's cellular telephone was placed via an "automatic telephone dialing system," ("ATDS") as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227 (a) (1) as prohibited by 47 U.S.C. § 227 (b)(1)(A).
- 27. Plaintiff alleges on information and belief that Defendant's ATDS has the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers to be called, using a random or sequential number generator; and, the capacity to dial such numbers.
- 28. The telephone number that the Defendant, or its agents, called was assigned to a cellular telephone service for which Plaintiff incurs a charge for incoming calls pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227 (b)(1).
- 29. These telephone calls constituted calls that were not for emergency purposes as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227 (b)(1)(A)(i).
- 30. Plaintiff did not provide Defendant or its agents prior express consent to receive unsolicited text messages, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227 (b)(1)(A).

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 31. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself and on behalf of and all others similarly situated ("the Class").
- 32. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of the Class, consisting of all persons within the United States who received any unsolicited text messages and/or any other unsolicited text messages from Defendant without prior express consent.
- 33. Plaintiff also brings this action on behalf of herself and on behalf of all others similarly situated and is a member of ("the Sub-Class").
- 34. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of the Sub-Class, consisting of all persons within the United States who sent a reply text message, "STOP", or something similar, to Defendant in response to a text message sent by Defendant, and then received an unsolicited confirmatory text message from Defendant, which text message was not made for emergency purposes or with the recipient's prior express consent, within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint.

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- 35. Defendant and its employees or agents are excluded from the Class and Sub-Class. Plaintiff does not know the number of members in the Class and Sub-Class, but believes the Class and Sub-Class members number in the hundreds of thousands, if not more. Thus, this matter should be certified as a Class action to assist in the expeditious litigation of this matter.
- 36. Plaintiff and members of the Class and Sub-Class were harmed by the acts of Defendant in at least the following ways: Defendant, either directly or through its agents, illegally contacted Plaintiff and the Class and Sub-Class members via their cellular telephones by using marketing and artificial or prerecorded voice messages, thereby causing Plaintiff and the Class and Sub-Class members to incur certain cellular telephone charges or reduce cellular telephone time for which Plaintiff and the Class and Sub-Class members previously paid, and invading the privacy of said Plaintiff and the Class and Sub-Class members. Plaintiff and the Class and Sub-Class members were damaged thereby.
- 37. his suit seeks only damages and injunctive relief for recovery of economic injury on behalf of the Class and Sub-Class, and it expressly is not intended to request any recovery for personal injury and claims related thereto. Plaintiff reserves the right to expand the Class and Sub-Class definition to seek recovery on behalf of additional persons as warranted as facts are learned in further investigation and discovery.
- 38. The joinder of the Class and Sub-Class members is impractical and the disposition of their claims in the Class and Sub-Class action will provide substantial benefits both to the parties and to the court. The Class and Sub-Class can be identified through Defendant's records or Defendant's agents' records.
- 39. There is a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law and fact involved affecting the parties to be represented. The questions of law and fact to the Class and Sub-Class predominate over questions which may affect individual Class and Sub-Class members, including the following:
 - a) Whether, within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint, Defendant or its agents sent any unsolicited text messages to the Class (other than a text

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- message made for emergency purposes or made with the prior express consent of the called party) to a Class member using any automatic dialing and/or SMS texting system to any telephone number assigned to a cellular phone service;
- b) Whether, within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint, Defendant or its agents sent any unsolicited confirmatory text messages to the Class (other than a text message made for emergency purposes or made with the prior express consent of the called party) to a Class member using any automatic dialing and/or SMS texting system to any telephone number assigned to a cellular phone service;
- c) Whether Plaintiff and the Class members were damaged thereby, and the extent of damages for such violation; and
- d) Whether Defendant and its agents should be enjoined from engaging in such conduct in the future.
- 40. As a person that received at least one unsolicited text message without Plaintiff's prior express consent, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of the Class. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Class in that Plaintiff has no interests antagonistic to any member of the Class.
- 41. As a person that received at least one unsolicited confirmatory text message without Plaintiff's prior express consent, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of the Sub-Class. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Sub-Class in that Plaintiff has no interests antagonistic to any member of the Sub-Class.
- 42. Plaintiff and the members of the Class and Sub-Class have all suffered irreparable harm as a result of the Defendant's unlawful and wrongful conduct. Absent a class action, the Class and Sub-Class will continue to face the potential for irreparable harm. In addition, these violations of law will be allowed to proceed without remedy and Defendant will likely continue such illegal conduct. Because of the size of the individual Class and Sub-Class member's claims, few, if any, Class and Sub-Class members could afford to seek legal redress for the wrongs complained of herein.

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- 43. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in handling class action claims and claims involving violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act.
- 44. A class action is a superior method for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Class-wide damages are essential to induce Defendant to comply with federal and California law. The interest of Class and Sub-Class members in individually controlling the prosecution of separate claims against Defendant is small because the maximum statutory damages in an individual action for violation of privacy are minimal. Management of these claims is likely to present significantly fewer difficulties than those presented in many class claims.
- 45. Defendant has acted on grounds generally applicable to the Class and Sub-Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief and corresponding declaratory relief with respect to the Class as a whole.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

NEGLIGENT VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.

- 46. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.
- 47. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute numerous and multiple negligent violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above-cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seg.
- 48. As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq, Plaintiff and The Class and Sub-Class are entitled to an award of \$500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).
- 49. Plaintiff and the Class and Sub-Class are also entitled to and seek injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

KNOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE

TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

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47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.

- 50. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.
- 51. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute numerous and multiple knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above-cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seg.
- 52. As a result of Defendant's knowing and/or willful violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq. Plaintiff and The Class and Sub-Class are entitled to an award of \$1,500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B) and 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).
- 53. Plaintiff and the Class and Sub-Class are also entitled to and seek injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Plaintiff respectfully requests the Court grant Plaintiff and The Class and Sub-Class members the following relief against Defendant:

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION FOR NEGLIGENT VIOLATION OF THE TCPA, 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.

- As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1), Plaintiff seeks for herself and each Class member \$500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).
- Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(A), injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.
- Any other relief the Court may deem just and proper.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR NEGLIGENT VIOLATION OF THE TCPA, 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.

As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1), Plaintiff seeks for herself and each Class and Sub-Class member \$500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).

- Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(A), injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.
- Any other relief the Court may deem just and proper.

TRIAL BY JURY

54. Pursuant to the seventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States of America, Plaintiffs are entitled to, and demand, a trial by jury.

Dated: July 24, 2012

Respectfully submitted,

HYDE & SWIGART

By: s/ Joshua B. Swigart
Joshua B. Swigart, Esq.
Attorney for Plaintiff

SJS 44 (Rev. 12.7) Case 3:12-cv-01864-BEN-WVC Pocument 1 Filed 07/30/12 PageID.11 Page 11 of 12

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE PEVERSE OF THE FORM.)

	NSTRÜCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)				
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS		DEFENDANTS			
lina Afrasiabi, Individua Situated	ally and on Behalf of all Others Similarly	Law Offices of E	Brug & Brock, Inc., A.F	P.L.C.	
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff		County of Residence of	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant		
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			D CONDEMNATION CASES, US INVOLVED.	SE THE LOCATION OF THE	
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	e, Address, and Telephone Number)	Attorneys (If Known)			
	South Suite 301, San Diego, CA 92108				
II. BASIS OF JURISI	OICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)		RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff	
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)		IF DEF 1 □ 1 Incorporated <i>or</i> Pr of Business In This		
□ 2 U.S. Government	☐ 4 Diversity	Citizen of Another State	2		
Defendant	(Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		of Business In A		
		Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3		
IV. NATURE OF SUI	T (Place an "X" in One Box Only) TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES	
☐ 110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY PERSONAL INJURY	☐ 610 Agriculture	☐ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158	☐ 400 State Reapportionment	
☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act	□ 310 Airplane □ 362 Personal Injury - Med. Malpractice	☐ 620 Other Food & Drug ☐ 625 Drug Related Seizure	☐ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	☐ 410 Antitrust☐ 430 Banks and Banking	
☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument	Liability	of Property 21 USC 881		☐ 450 Commerce	
☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment		☐ 630 Liquor Laws ☐ 640 R.R. & Truck	PROPERTY RIGHTS ☐ 820 Copyrights	☐ 460 Deportation ☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced and	
☐ 151 Medicare Act	☐ 330 Federal Employers' Injury Product	☐ 650 Airline Regs.☐ 660 Occupational	☐ 830 Patent ☐ 840 Trademark	Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit	
☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans	Liability Liability 340 Marine PERSONAL PROPERTY PERSONAL PROPERTY	Safety/Health	1 840 Hademark	☐ 490 Cable/Sat TV	
(Excl. Veterans) ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment	☐ 345 Marine Product ☐ 370 Other Fraud ☐ 371 Truth in Lending	☐ 690 Other LABOR	SOCIAL SECURITY	□ 810 Selective Service □ 850 Securities/Commodities/	
of Veteran's Benefits	☐ 350 Motor Vehicle ☐ 380 Other Personal	☐ 710 Fair Labor Standards	□ 861 HIA (1395ff)	Exchange	
☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract	Product Liability	Act ☐ 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations	□ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))	875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410	
☐ 195 Contract Product Liability ☐ 196 Franchise	☐ 360 Other Personal Product Liability Injury	☐ 730 Labor/Mgmt.Reporting & Disclosure Act	☐ 864 SSID Title XVI ☐ 865 RSI (405(g))	■ 890 Other Statutory Actions ■ 891 Agricultural Acts	
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS PRISONER PETITIONS	☐ 740 Railway Labor Act	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	☐ 892 Economic Stabilization Act	
☐ 210 Land Condemnation ☐ 220 Foreclosure	□ 441 Voting □ 510 Motions to Vacate □ 442 Employment Sentence	☐ 790 Other Labor Litigation ☐ 791 Empl. Ret. Inc.	☐ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)	□ 893 Environmental Matters □ 894 Energy Allocation Act	
☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment☐ 240 Torts to Land☐	☐ 443 Housing/ Habeas Corpus: Accommodations ☐ 530 General	Security Act	☐ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	☐ 895 Freedom of Information Act	
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	☐ 440 Other Civil Rights	Actions		State Statutes	
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VI CAUSE OF ACTI	Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are 47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq	filing (Do not cite jurisdiction 18:1391 Personal in	al statutes unless diversity): jury (Jao)		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTI	Brief description of cause: Violation to the Thelephone Const	umer Protection Act			
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23	DEMAND \$,000,001.00+	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND:	if demanded in complaint: Yes No	
VIII. RELATED CAS IF ANY	SE(S) (See instructions): JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER		
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INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- **II. Jurisdiction**. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes**unless diversity.

 Example:
 U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553
 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.